







1	price	[praɪs]	
	<i>What is the price?</i>		
2	rent	[rɛnt]	
	<i>I would like to rent this apartment.</i>		
3	then	[ðɛn]	
	<i>And then we went on a trip.</i>		
4	afternoon, in the afternoon	[,æftər'nu:n]	
	<i>We spent a beautiful afternoon at his parents.</i>		
5	be able to (do st.)	[bi: 'eɪbl tu]	
	<i>We are not able to say it now.</i>		
6	be allowed to (do st.)	[bi: ə'laʊd tu]	
	<i>It's not allowed to park here.</i>		
7	sing-sang-sung; song	[sɪŋ-sæŋ-sʌŋ; sɔŋ]	
	<i>Sh. Somebody is singing.</i>		
8	door	[dɔ:r]	
	<i>Leave the door open, please.</i>		
9	window	['wɪndəʊ]	
	<i>Shall I open the window for you?</i>		
10	lock	[lɒk]	
	<i>I didn't lock the car.</i>		
11	body	['bɔ:di]	
	<i>Its body was totally cold.</i>		
12	nothing	['nʌθɪŋ]	
	<i>Nothing is more important than you.</i>		
13	nobody, no one	[''nəʊbədi, nəʊ wʌn]	
	<i>Nobody wanted to help them.</i>		
14	bill; check (US)	[bɪl, tʃɛk]	
	<i>Could I have the check/bill, please?</i>		

15	sun, sun shine (shine-shone-shone or regular)	[sʌn, sʌn ʃaɪn (ʃaɪn-ʃoʊn-ʃoʊn ɔr 'rɛɡjələr ʃaɪnd]	
	<i>The sun is shining. Let's go outside.</i>		
16	push	[pʊʃ]	
	<i>Stop pushing me into it.</i>		
17	include; including	[ɪn'klu:d; ɪn'klu:dɪŋ]	
	<i>Is breakfast included in the price?</i>		
18	dot (e-mail, www); period/full stop (in a sentence)	[dɑ:t ; 'pɪ:riəd/fʊl stɑ:p]	
	<i>We always write a period at the end of a sentence.</i>		
19	the "@" sign @=at	[ði: "æt" saɪn]	
	info@englishwitheva.com		
20	center, in the center	['sɛntər, ɪn ðə 'sɛntər]	
	<i>She lives in the center of Paris.</i>		
21	half board	[hæf bɔ:rd]	
	<i>I'd like to book a room with half board.</i>		
22	full board	[fʊl bɔ:rd]	
	<i>We had to cancel the full board.</i>		
23	beer	[bɪ:r]	
	<i>I don't drink beer. Do you?</i>		
24	ice	[aɪs]	
	<i>Can I have it without ice, please?</i>		
25	sugar	['ʃʊɡər]	
	<i>There was too much sugar in it.</i>		
26	thing	[θɪŋ]	
	<i>I'll tell you just one thing.</i>		
27	away	[ə'weɪ]	
	<i>Go away, please.</i>		
28	absolutely, totally	['æbsəlu:tli, 'təʊtəli]	
	<i>She was totally drunk.</i>		

29	story	['stɔ:ri]	
	<i>Did you hear his story?</i>		
30	date; to date sb.	[deɪt, tu deɪt 'sʌm bədi]	
	<i>I had a date yesterday.</i>		
31	spend-spent-spent	[spɛnd-spɛnt-spɛnt]	
	<i>How much did you spend?</i>		
32	soon	[su:n]	
	<i>Is she coming any time soon?</i>		
33	delay	[di'leɪ]	
	<i>I am so sorry for the delay.</i>		
34	catering, self-catering	['keɪtərɪŋ, self 'keɪtərɪŋ]	
	<i>They always prefer self-catering.</i>		
35	inform, information	[ɪn'fɔ:rm, ,ɪnfər'meɪʃən]	
	<i>I will inform you as soon as possible (=ASAP).</i>		
36	gate	[geɪt]	
	<i>Which gate is for my flight?</i>		
37	flight	[flaɪt]	
	<i>What time is your flight?</i>		
38	fly-flew-flown	[flaɪ-flu:-floʊn]	
	<i>They will fly back home on Wednesday.</i>		
39	cinema	['sɪnəmə]	
	<i>Let's go to the cinema tomorrow.</i>		
40	theater	['θiətər]	
	<i>She was in the theater last night.</i>		

BONUS PHRASES 😊

BONUS PHRASES ['bʊnəs freɪzɪs]	
That's great! Great news!	
Can you drive me home?	
There's no time.	
What do I do? What should I do? What am I gonna do?	
The sooner, the better.	
Let me know. I'll let you know.	

ALL FUTURE TENSES [ɔ:l 'fju:tʃər 'tensɪz]

1. WILL + bare infinitive

- a spontaneous decision, general future, a general statement
- e.g.: *Wait! I'll help you. I will call you tomorrow.*



2. WILL BE + ING

- a certain moment or time in the future (this time tomorrow, tomorrow between 10 and 11...), a continuous action in the future, something will be happening for sure
- e.g.: *This time tomorrow I will be lying on the beach. I will be talking to the director at the meeting.*

3. BE GOING TO (BE GONNA) + bare infinitive

- plans, intentions, the decision was made before
- obvious results
- phrases (What am I gonna do?)
- e.g.: *I am going to sell my car this year. She is not going to pay that. Oh, he's going to hit the wall!*

4. PRESENT CONTINUOUS (be + -ing)

- arranged events, situations, often planned for a certain time and place, diary entries
- e.g.: *I am seeing my doctor tomorrow at 7. What are you doing tonight?*

5. PRESENT SIMPLE (bare infinitive, -s in the 3rd person singular)

- schedules, timetables, programs (TV, cinema...), or plans that remind of a schedule
- e.g.: *My lesson starts at 5. The train leaves at 4. It's my birthday tomorrow.*

Note: Some tenses are interchangeable (be going to x present continuous, future continuous x be going to.....). Just remember that there is no WILL for arranged matters.

SOME, ANY, NO [sʌm, 'eni, noʊ] + **EVERY** ['evri]

SOME -a, an, one, certain, specific – in affirmative sentences (I have some friends in Australia)
- questions with offerings or polite requests (Would you like some? Some cheese? Can I have some?)
-with uncountable nouns (some time), with countable nouns in plural (some people)
-there is a small difference in meaning with singular countable nouns
I'd like some cake, please. (a piece of, a bit of)
Some bloke started to shoot. (unknown, unspecified)

ANY -certain, specific -after a negative, in questions (I don't have any money. Do you have any friends there?)
-with uncountable nouns, with countable nouns in plural
-any kind of, whatever, whichever – in affirmative sentences (Take any book and start reading.)



NO -not any, none, not a single one.... (There's no time. I got no money. No sugar, no fun.)

EVERY -each (individual), (I go there every week.)

A few phrases without a noun:

Would you like some?

I don't want any.

There are some over there.

Compounds: ['kɑmpaʊndz]

-**something, somebody (someone), somehow, sometimes, sometime, somewhere**, somewhat, someplace ...

['sʌmθɪŋ, 'sʌm,bɒdi ('sʌm,wʌn), 'sʌm,həʊ, səm'taɪmz, 'sʌm,tʌɪm, 'sʌm,wɛr, 'sʌm'wʌt, 'sʌm,pleɪs]

-**anything, anybody (anyone), anyhow, anytime, anywhere**, anyplace....

['eni,θɪŋ, 'eni,bɒdi ('eni,wʌn), 'eni,həʊ, 'eni,tʌɪm, 'eni,wɛr, 'eni,pleɪs]

-**nothing, nobody (no one), nohow, nowhere**

['nʌθɪŋ, 'noʊ,bɒ,di (noʊ,wʌn), 'noʊ,həʊ, 'noʊ,wɛr]

-**everything, everybody (everyone), every time, everywhere**

['evri,θɪŋ, 'evri,bɒdi ('evri,wʌn), 'evri,tʌɪm, 'evri,wɛr]

Sample sentences with compounds:

Is anybody there? Somebody must be there. No, don't worry. Nobody is there.

Anyone can do that.

Something to drink?

Nothing happened.

I can see it everywhere I go.

I won't tell anyone.

THERE IS, THERE'S/THERE ARE [ðɛr ɪz, ðɛrz or ðərz / ðɛr ɑ:r]

Something/somebody is somewhere, some things/people are somewhere, something exists (somewhere), some things exist (somewhere)....

It is often translated from the end of the sentence and "there is/are" is usually omitted in the translation. If there is no place determination in the sentence, then "there is/are" mean or can be translated as: exists, exist, does not exist, do not exist, is, is not, are, are not.....

There is/are + a thing, things, a person, persons (the place where it is/ they are)

There are	four cinemas	in our town.
There is	always hope.	
There's	a train	at the station.
There is	a solution.	
There's	a train at 5 p.m.	
There are	some big trees	in the garden.



There isn't/aren't (any) + a thing, things, a person, persons (the place where it is/ they are)

There aren't any	biscuits left.	
There isn't any	hope for him	in this case.

There is/are no + a thing, things, a person, persons (the place where it is/ they are)

There is no	time.	
There are no	gentlemen	in this world.

Questions and short answers:

Are there any people waiting for her? Yes, there are. No, there aren't.

How many children are there in the classroom?