

LESSON 12, 1000 WORDS, English with Eva



| | | | |
|----|--|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 | how much, much, little, a little | [haʊ mʌtʃ, mʌtʃ, 'lɪtl, ə 'lɪtl] | koľko, veľa, málo, trochu |
| | <i>How much was it? I speak English only a little.</i> | | <i>Koľko to stálo? Hovorím anglicky len trochu.</i> |
| 2 | how many, many, few, a few | [haʊ 'məni, 'məni, fju:, ə fju:] | koľko, veľa, málo, niekoľko |
| | <i>How many times do I have to tell you?</i> | | <i>Koľkokrát ti to musím hovoriť?</i> |
| 3 | over | ['oʊvər] | cez, nad |
| | <i>It's over my limit.</i> | | <i>Je to cez môj limit.</i> |
| 4 | limit | ['lɪmɪt] | limit, obmedziť |
| | <i>They limited our rights.</i> | | <i>Obmedzovali naše práva,</i> |
| 5 | light/dark; light/heavy | [laɪt/da:k; laɪt/'hevi] | svetlý/tmavý; ľahký/ťažký |
| | <i>Do you prefer light or dark colors?</i> | | <i>Máš radšej svetlé alebo tmavé farby?</i> |
| 6 | day; daily | [deɪ; 'deɪli] | deň; denne, každodenné |
| | <i>What is the day today? What day is today? What day is it today?</i> | Eva | <i>Čo je dnes za deň?</i> |
| 7 | smell-smelt-smelt or regular (smelled) | [smel-smelt-smelt (smeld)] | voňať, smrdieť, cítiť (nosom) |
| | <i>It smells good. It smells bad.</i> | | <i>To vonia. To smrdí.</i> |
| 8 | arrive in/at; arrival | [ə'raɪv; ə'raɪvəl] | prísť, priletieť do/na; príchod (prílet) |
| | <i>They arrived in Prague yesterday. She arrived at the station at 5.</i> | | <i>Prišli do Prahy včera. Prišla na stanicu o piatej.</i> |
| 9 | depart; departure | [dɪ'pa:rt; dɪ'pa:rʃər] | odísť, odletieť; odchod, odchod, odlet |
| | <i>The departure will be delayed.</i> | | <i>Odlet bude oneskorený.</i> |
| 10 | long/short | [lɔŋ/ʃɔ:rt] | dlhý/krátky |
| | <i>How long will it take?</i> | | <i>Ako dlho to bude trvať?</i> |
| 11 | box | [baks] | krabica, skrinka |

| | | | |
|----|--|---|---|
| | <i>We can't find the box.</i> | | <i>Nemôžeme tú škatuľu nájsť.</i> |
| 12 | village <i>I would like to live in a village.</i> | [ˈvɪlɪdʒ] | dedina <i>Rada by som žila na dedine.</i> |
| 13 | town, city <i>Why don't you want to live in a city?</i> | [taʊn, ˈsɪti] | mesto, veľkomesto <i>Prečo nechceš žiť vo veľkomeste?</i> |
| 14 | wife, pl.- wives <i>You should meet my wife.</i> | [waɪf, waɪvz] | manželka <i>Mal by si sa zoznámiť s mojou ženou.</i> |
| 15 | husband <i>Her husband left for work.</i> | [ˈhʌzbənd] | manžel <i>Jej manžel odišiel do práce.</i> |
| 16 | partner <i>He is my tennis partner.</i> | ['pa:rtnər]  | partnerka <i>Je to môj tenisový partner.</i> |
| 17 | learn-learnt-learnt or regular (learned) <i>What are you learning?</i> | [lɜ:rn-lɜ:rnd-lɜ:rnd] (lɜ:rnɪŋ) | učiť sa <i>Čo sa to učíš?</i> |
| 18 | just <i>Just let me know.</i> | [dʒʌst] | práve, práve, iba <i>Len mi daj vediet.</i> |
| 19 | till, until, by <i>I will pay it by tomorrow.</i> | [tɪl, ən'tɪl, baɪ] | do, kým nie, do (časovo) <i>Zaplatím to do zajtrajška.</i> |
| 20 | food, meal, dish <i>I usually don't eat fast food.</i> | [fu:d, mi:l, dɪʃ] | jedlo <i>Väčšinou nejem fast food (rýchle občerstvenie).</i> |
| 21 | tonight <i>Shall I cancel the tonight's reservation?</i> | [tə'naɪt] | dnes večer, dnes v noci <i>Mám zrušiť tú rezerváciu na dnešný večer?</i> |
| 22 | meat <i>What kind of meat is he preparing?</i> | [mi:t] | mäso <i>Čo za mäso to pripravuje?</i> |
| 23 | sell-sold-sold <i>I wouldn't sell it.</i> | [sel-soʊld-soʊld] | predať <i>Ja by som to nepredával.</i> |

| | | | |
|----|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| 24 | show-showed-shown or regular (showed) | [ʃoʊ-ʃoʊd-ʃoʊn] | ukázať; show |
| | <i>Can you show me your new car?</i> | | <i>Môžeš mi ukázať svoje nové auto?</i> |
| 25 | different; difference | ['dɪfərənt; 'dɪfərəns] | iný, odlišný, rôzny; rozdiel |
| | <i>He is so different from her. There's no difference between them.</i> | | <i>On je tak iný ako ona. Nie je medzi nimi rozdiel.</i> |
| 26 | same, the same, the same as | [seɪm, ðə seɪm, ðə seɪm æz] | rovnaký, to isté, rovnaký ako |
| | <i>It is the same as yesterday.</i> | | <i>Je to rovnaké ako včera.</i> |
| 27 | great | [greɪt] | veľký, skvelý |
| | <i>That's great news!</i> | | <i>To je skvelá správa.</i> |
| 28 | stay | [steɪ] | zostať, pobyt, zdržiavať (byť ubytovaný) |
| | <i>Where are you staying? Enjoy your stay.</i> | | <i>Kde ste ubytovaní? Uži si pobyt.</i> |
| 29 | everything | ['evri,θɪŋ] | všetko |
| | <i>Everything was wrong.</i> | | <i>Všetko bolo zle.</i> |
| 30 | everybody, everyone | ['evri,ba:di/'evribʌdi, 'evri,wʌn] | všetci |
| | <i>Where is everybody?</i> | | <i>Kde sú všetci?</i> |
| 31 | year; yearly | [jɪr; 'jɪrlɪ] | rok;, ročne, každoročné |
| | <i>I lived two years in India.</i> | | <i>Dva roky som žila v Indii.</i> |
| 32 | study, studies-during sb.'s studies | ['stʌdi, 'stʌdiz-'dʊrɪŋ ... 'stʌdiz] | študovať, študovňa; štúdia - počas niečich štúdií |
| | <i>I met him during my studies.</i> | | <i>Poznala som ho behom štúdií.</i> |
| 33 | place | [pleɪs] | miesto, umiestniť |
| | <i>It was a beautiful place.</i> | | <i>Bolo to krásne miesto.</i> |
| 34 | bus; take a bus, go by bus | [bʌs] | autobus; ísť autobusom |
| | <i>Which bus should I take?</i> | | <i>Ktorým autobusom mám ísť?</i> |
| 35 | taxi, cab | ['tæksi, kæb] | taxík |
| | <i>Could you call me a taxi?</i> | | <i>Mohli by ste mi zavolať taxík?</i> |

| | | | |
|----|--|----------------------|--|
| 36 | evening | ['i:vnɪŋ] | večer |
| | <i>She calls her parents every evening.</i> | | <i>Volá svojim rodičom každý večer.</i> |
| 37 | serious, seriously | ['sɪriəs, 'sɪriəsli] | vážny, vážne |
| | <i>Seriously? Are you serious?</i> | | <i>Vážne? Myslíš to vážne?</i> |
| 38 | yet (questions and negative sentences) | [yɛt] | "ešte" v zápore, "už" v otázke |
| | <i>Are we there yet? Not yet. I don't know yet.</i> | | <i>Už sme tam? Ešte nie. Ešte neviem.</i> |
| 39 | between, among | [bɪ'twi:n, ə'mʌŋ] | medzi (dvoma...), medzi (viac ako 2) |
| | <i>That's between the two of us. It was among those five boys.</i> | | <i>To je medzi nami dvoma. Bolo to medzi tými piatimi chlapcami.</i> |
| 40 | news | [nu:z] | správa, novinka, správy |
| | <i>I have bad news and good news for you. Which one do you want to hear first?</i> | | <i>Mám pre vás zlú a dobrú správu. Ktorú chcete počuť prvú?</i> |

BONUS PHRASES ☺

| BONUS PHRASES ['bouñəs freɪzɪs] | |
|--|--|
| | |
| Help yourself. Help yourselves. | Daj si. Dajte si. |
| Seriously? | Vážne? |
| How much is it? How much is this? How much is that? | Koľko to stojí? |
| How much are they? How much are these? How much are those? | Koľko stojí (tieto, oni ...)? |
| Happy new year. The same to you. | Šťastný nový rok. Tebe tiež. |
| Enjoy your meal. | Dobrú chuť. (Užite si jedlo). |
| I always travel light.  | Vždy cestujem zľahka. |
| Oh, you made my day. | Och, potešil si ma (urobil si mi pekný deň). |
| It's over. | Je to preč. Skončilo to. |
| Good evening. | Dobrý večer. |
| Everything's OK. Everything's all right. | Všetko je v poriadku. |
| All right. | Dobre. V poriadku. |
| I stayed up late last night. | Včera v noci som zostal hore dlho do noci. |

FUTURE TENSE with “GOING TO”

(*budúci čas s "going to"*)

-intentions, plans (I'm going to sell my cottage.)

(-zámer, plány-Chystám sa predať svoju chatu.)

-we already know what we want at the moment of speaking, we decided before (-v okamihu, ked' hovoríme, vieme, čo chceme, rozhodli sme sa už predtým)

-obvious results (Oh my God! He's going to hit the wall!!)

(-očividne to tak dopadne -Ó môj bože! On narazí do steny!)

-in colloquial English - going to = **gonna** ['gənə] (What am I gonna do?)

(-v hovorovej analýzine sa "going to" nahradza "gonna" (Čo si počнем?))

-can be used in past: was/were going to = intended (I was going to tell him but then I changed my mind.)

(túto väzbu možno použiť aj v minulosti: *chystal-a som sa = mala som v úmysle (Chystala som sa mu to povedať, ale potom som si to rozmyslela.)*)

- **be + going to + bare infinitive**

(-byť + going to (jdúce) + holý infinitív bez "to")



- + She is going to sell it. They are going to leave.

(Chystá sa to predať. Chystajú sa odísť.)

- She is not going to sell it. They aren't going to leave.

(Nechystá sa to predať. Nechystajú sa odísť.)

? Is she going to sell it? Are they going to leave?

(Chystá sa to predať? Chystajú sa odísť?)

Note 1: similar expressions

(Pozn. 1: podobné výrazy)

I intend to stop. [ɪn'tend]

(Mám v úmysle prestať.)

I am about to stop.

(Chystám sa prestavať)

I am planning to/ I plan to stop. (*Plánujem prestat'.*)

Note 2: Sometimes “going to go” is replaced by simple “going”

I am going to go without him. ----- I am going without him.

(pozn. 2: Niekoľko sa "going to go – chystať sa íst" nahradza jednoduchým "going":

Chystám sa ísť bez neho. -----Chystám sa ísť bez neho. (Idem bez neho.)

REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS [rɪ'flɛksɪv 'prəʊnəʊnz]

(zvratné zámená)

-refer back to the subject

(odkazujú sa späť na podmet)



singular (*jednotné číslo*)

| | | |
|-------|--|------------------------------------|
| I → | myself [maɪ'self] | (ja-sám, sa, si, seba...) |
| | I like myself. I enjoyed myself. | (Mám sa rád. Bavil som sa.) |
| you → | yourself [yər'self, jɔ:r'self] | (ty-sám, sa, si, seba....) |
| | You like yourself. You enjoyed yourself. Enjoy yourself! | (Máš sa rád. Bavil si sa. Bav sa!) |
| he → | himself [hɪm'self] (hisself - rare) | (on-sám, seba, sa, si) |
| | He likes himself. He enjoyed himself. | (Má sa rád. Bavil sa.) |
| she → | herself [hɜ:r'self, hər'self] | (ona-seba, sa, si, sama...) |
| | She likes herself. She enjoyed herself. | (Má sa rada. Bavila sa.) |
| it → | itself [ɪt'self] | (to, ono-sa, si, seba, samo....) |
| | It likes itself. It enjoyed itself. | (Má sa rado. Bavilo sa.) |

plural (*množné číslo*)

| | | |
|--------|---|--|
| we → | ourselves [a:r'selvz, aʊər'selvz] | (my-sa, si, seba, sama...) |
| | We like ourselves. We enjoyed ourselves. Let's enjoy ourselves! | (Máme radi sami seba. Bavili sme sa. Užime si to!-Bavme sa!) |
| you → | yourselves [yər'selvz, jɔ:r'selfz] | (vy, sa, si, seba, sama) |
| | You, guys, like yourselves. You enjoyed yourselves. Enjoy yourselves! | (Vy, ľudia, máte radi sami seba. (Bavili ste sa. Bavte sa!)) |
| they → | themselves [ðəm'selvz, ðəm'selvz] | (theirselves – rare) |
| | (oni-sa, si, seba, sami) | |
| | They like themselves. They enjoyed themselves. | |
| | (Majú radi semi seba. Bavili sa.) | |

AS/LIKE [æz/laɪk]

(ako)

LIKE – as a preposition, comparisons, similarities:

(-ako predložka, pri porovnávaní, u podobnosti:)

She looks like her mother. It's like a dream. It's like dancing. I work like hell. I like it like this.

(Vyzerá ako jej matka. Je to ako sen. Je to ako tanec. Pracujem ako dás. Páči sa mi to takto (ako toto).)

- such as, for example:

(ako napr., napr.:

Some activities, like hiking, are good for you.

Niekteré aktivity, ako turistika, sú pre vás dobré.)

-more informal English:

(viac neformálna angličtina:

Like I told you.....

-phrases:

(frázy:

Ako som ti hovoril....)

Like I said.

Ako som povedal.)



AS - reality, position at work:

(realita, pozícia v práci:

I work as a teacher.

Pracujem ako učiteľka.)

- in the form of:

(vo forme čoho:

It can be used as a verb.

Môže to byť použité ako sloveso.)

- in the same way as, in the same condition as: Do it as I told you.

(akoby, ako keby:

Robila, akoby to bola pravda.)

-as if:

(akoby, ako keby:

She acted as if it was true.

Robila, akoby to bola pravda.)

-phrases:

...as I know, as I expected, as I thought....

As you wish. As I said.

...ako viete, ako som očakával, ako som si myšiel....

Ako si praješ. Ako som hovoril.)

COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS ['kaʊntəbl,ʌn'kaʊntəbl]

(počítateľné a nepočítateľné podstatné mená)

COUNTABLE NOUNS

(počítateľné podstatné mená)

- have singular and plural (table-tables, dog-dogs, child-children...)
(majú jednotné a množné číslo (stôl-stoly, pes-psi, dieťa-deti...))
- have indefinite article in singular (She has a car.)
(v jednotnom číslе majú neurčitý člen (Ona má auto.))
- “some” and “any” can be found only in plural (I have some friends in Canada. Do you have any books here?)
(some=nejaký a any=nejaký, žiadny... sa pred týmito podstatnými menami vyskytujú iba v množnom číslе (Mám nejakých priateľov v Kanade. Máš tu nejaké knižky?))
- to express quantity or amount, we use: **MANY** ['meni], **FEW** [fju:], **A FEW**, **HOW MANY**, **SEVERAL** ['səvərl], **A LOT OF** [ə lat ʌv], **LOTS OF** [lats ʌv], **PLENTY OF** ['plenti ʌv], **A LARGE/GOOD/GREAT NUMBER OF**, **A COUPLE OF** [ə 'kʌpəl ʌv]
(ked' chceme vyjadriť množstvo, použijeme: many (veľa, veľa), few (málo), a few (niekoľko), how many (kol'ko), a lot of (veľa), lots of (veľa), plenty of (veľa, veľa), a large/good/great number of (veľa, veľa), a couple of (pár))
- examples: friend, man, house, book, car....
(príklady: priateľ, muž, dom, kniha, auto....)



UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

(nepočítateľné podstatné mená)

- have only one form for singular and plural (advice, information, rice, love, maths)
(majú iba jeden tvar pre jednotné a množné číslo (rada-y, informácie, ryža, láska, matematika))
- do not have indefinite article, “some” can be used instead
(nemajú neurčitý člen, namiesto neho je možné použiť "some-nejaký")
- when we need to count them, we use: a bowl of, a packet of, a piece of, a loaf of.....
(ked' ich potrebujeme počítať, použijeme: miska čoho, balíček čoho, kus čoho, bochník čoho...)
- to express quantity or amount, we use: **MUCH** [mʌtʃ], **LITTLE** ['lɪtʃ], **A LITTLE**, **HOW MUCH**, **A LOT OF**, **LOTS OF**, **PLENTY OF**, **A GREAT/GOOD DEAL OF** [ə greit/gud di:l ʌv], **A SMALL/LARGE AMOUNT OF** [ə smɔ:l/la:rdʒ ə'maʊnt ʌv]
(ked' chceme vyjadriť množstvo, použijeme: múch (veľa), little (málo), a little (trochu), how much (kol'ko), a lot of (veľa), lots of (veľa), plenty of (veľa), a great/good deal of (veľa), a small/large amount of (málo/veľa))
- examples: -water, iron, love, noise, coffee... (voda, železo, láska, hluk, káva)
(príklady) -maths, economics, politics, physics... (matika, ekonomika, politika, fyzika...)
-darts, billiards.... (šípkы, billiard)
-knowledge, information, bread, advice, furniture, money, news, traffic, baggage, luggage, evidence, homework, accommodation, weather, chaos, luck, damage, behavior.....
(znalosť-i, informácie, chlieb, rada-y, nábytok, peniaze, správa-y, prevádzka, batožina, batožina, dôkaz-y, domáca-e uloha-y, ubytovanie, počasie, chaos, šťastie, škoda-y, správanie....)

Note 1: A few examples of nouns that change their meaning depending on whether they are countable or uncountable:

(pozn. 1: pár príkladov podstatných mien, ktoré zmenia význam v závislosti na tom, či sú počítateľné alebo nepočítateľné)

| | <u>countable (poč.)</u> | <u>uncountable (nepoč.)</u> |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| HAIR (vlas, chlp-vlasy) | There's a hair in my soup! <i>V mojej polievke je vlas!</i> | Martha has beautiful hair. <i>Marta má krásne vlasy</i>) |
| EXPERIENCE (zážitok-skúsenosť-i | We have a lot of vacation experiences. <i>Máme veľa zážitkov z dovolenky.</i> | She had no professional experience. <i>Nemala žiadne profesijné skúsenosti.</i>) |
| GLASS (pohár-sklo) | Can you bring me two glasses? <i>Môžeš mi priniesť dva poháre?</i> | It's made of glass. <i>Je to vyrobené zo skla.)</i> |
| IRON (žehlička-železo) | Where do they sell irons? <i>Kde predávajú žehličky?</i> | Iron would be the right material. <i>Železo by bolo ten správny materiál.)</i> |
| PAPER (noviny-papier) | I don't read the paper. <i>Tie noviny nečítam.</i> | Paper burns easily. <i>Papier ľahko horí.)</i> |
| TIME (čas/urč. chvíľa-čas) | Have a good time. <i>Uži si to.</i> | Time is money. <i>Čas sú peniaze.)</i> |
| WORK (práca/projekt-práca) | These two works received a prize. <i>Tieto dve práce dostali cenu.</i> | I have a lot of work today. <i>Dnes mám veľa práce.)</i> |



Note 2: MUCH is mostly used only in questions and negative sentences, positive sentences use "a lot of, lots of..."

I don't have much time. Is there too much food? She has a lot of energy.

(pozn. 2: MUCH (veľa) sa používa väčšinou iba v otázkach a záporoch u nespočítateľných pod. jm, v kladných vetách sa použije "a lot of, lots of..."

Nemám veľa času. Je tam príliš veľa jedla? Má veľa energie.)

Note 3: There are always exceptions ☺:

in a restaurant - 2 coffees, 2 beers, 2 teas

(pozn. 3: Vždy sa nájdú výnimky:

v reštaurácii: 2 kávy, 2 pivá, 2 čaje....)