VOCABULARY (15 words):

wheel	[wi:l]
The wheel on my cart broke.	
progress; progressive	[ˈprɑːgres]-noun
We have made great progress.	[prəˈgres]-verb
	[prəˈgresɪv]
face	[feɪs]
We will have to face it.	
lake	[leɪk]
They built a cabin by the lake.	
strain	[streɪn]
It's a big mental strain for her.	
dinner, to dine	[ˈdɪnər]
I have to cancel the dinner.	[daɪn]
middle; in the middle	[ˈmɪdl]
He lives in the middle of greenery.	
warn; warning	[wɔ:rn]
Let me warn you, young lady/young man.	[ˈwɔːrnɪŋ]
enter	[ˈentər]
Don't enter!	
gate	[geɪt]
The gate remained open.	
jar	[dʒɑːr]
Put everything in a preserving jar and seal.	
world	[wərld]
It exists everywhere in the world.	
Saturday	[ˈsæţərˌdeɪ /
I play tennis on Saturdays.	ˈsæţərdi]
laundry	[ˈlɑːndri]
I do laundry twice a week.	
out	[aʊt]
He's been out lately.	

 $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ (allow), $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ (this), $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ (thank), $\boldsymbol{\varpi}$ (apple), $\boldsymbol{\eta}$ (bank), $\boldsymbol{d}\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ = (angel), $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ (pleasure), $\boldsymbol{t}\boldsymbol{J}$ (cheese), \boldsymbol{J} =(show), $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ =a (mud), \mathbf{z} :, \mathbf{z} = o:, o (corner), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{e} +u (good), $\mathbf{\alpha}$:, $\mathbf{\alpha}$ = o: + a:, a+o (sauce), \mathbf{t} = d (later), \mathbf{z} = i (miss), \mathbf{z} :, \mathbf{z} : = \mathbf{e} :, \mathbf{e} :r (hurdle), $\mathbf{\varepsilon}$ =e (red)



OTHER PHRASES AND IDIOMS:

money laundering	
The wheels are turning.	
gate price, gate money	
face-to-face	
4WD = four wheel drive	
Split it down the middle.	

VOCABULARY (15 words):

evening	[ˈiːvnɪŋ]
We had a lovely evening.	
shed	[ʃed]
I want to shed ten kilos.	
repair	[rɪˈper]
We're not able to repair it.	
their; theirs	[ðer]
It wasn't theirs but ours.	[ðerz]
stay	[ster]
We really enjoyed the stay.	
often	[ˈɑːfən or /
How often do you come here?	ˈɑːftən]
advice; advise; advisor/adviser	[ədˈvaɪs]
Don't listen to his advice.	[ədˈvaɪz]
	[ədˈvaɪzər]
bathroom	[ˈbæθruːm]
Where is the bathroom, please?	
manage	[ˈmænɪdʒ]
She can't manage/do/make it herself.	
choice	[tʃɔɪs]
That's your choice.	
prospects	[ˈprɑːspekts]
The prospects for any change are bad.	
pass	[pæs]
Pass me the salt, please.	
west; western	[west]
Go west to the western kingdom.	[ˈwɛstərn]
pack / unpack	[pæk]
Pack up and get out!	[ʌnˈpæk]
garlic	[ˈgɑːrlɪk]
Garlic would flavor it.	

 θ (allow), θ (this), θ (thank), θ (apple), η (bank), $d\theta$ (cheese), $d\theta$ (cheese), $d\theta$ (cheese), $d\theta$ (allow), $d\theta$ (allow), $d\theta$ (this), $d\theta$ (this) \mathbf{z} :, \mathbf{z} = o:, o (corner), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{z} +u (good), $\mathbf{\alpha}$:, $\mathbf{\alpha}$ = o: + a:, a+o (sauce), \mathbf{t} = d (later), \mathbf{z} = i (miss), \mathbf{z} :, \mathbf{z} : = \mathbf{z} :, \mathbf{z} : = a:, a:r (hurdle), $\mathbf{\varepsilon}$ =e (red)



OTHER PHRASES AND IDIOMS:

Follow my advice.	
to shed crocodile tears	
Where are you staying?	
Do not pass.	
See you in the evening.	
I'll manage.	

OTHER, THE OTHER, OTHERS, THE OTHERS, ANOTHER = one more, more, different one(s)...

[ˈʌðər, ðiː ˈʌðər, ˈʌðərz, ðiː ˈʌðərz, əˈnʌðər]

1. OTHER (+ plural)

- -as an adjective: I would like to speak with other members. Other people don't understand him.
- -each other = one another: They loved each other.
- -every other = every second one: I visit her every other day.

2. THE OTHER

- -the second one: I want the other one, please.
- -the second ones: The other boys were tired too.
- -the other day = recently



3. OTHERS

-as a pronoun: Some children were sad, others were happy. There were many others doing the same thing.

4. THE OTHERS

- = those other ones
- Ask the others, please.
- The others took it seriously.

5. ANOTHER

- in singular, comes from "an other"
- -meaning different: I want another (one).
- -meaning one more: Can I have another beer? Give me another!
- -it's not normally used with uncountable nouns but in restaurants it is (Another beer, please.)
- -it's not normally used in plural but when it is taken as a whole, then it can be used:
- I want to run another 5 miles. I want another two beers.

SO, SUCH [SOO, SAt]

SO + adjective/adverb



She is so nice. Time runs so quickly. I love you so much.

SUCH (a, an) + noun, SUCH + adjective + noun

NO SUCH = it does not exist **AS SUCH** = itself, themselves **SUCH AS** = e.g. = for example

She is such a nice woman. Such bad people. He is such a hero. There is no such thing. I prefer fruits as such. Many older people such as Jo and Jim arrived.

KEEP + -ING, keep (on) doing something [ki:p] = ALL THE TIME

She keeps smiling. She kept smiling. She keeps complaining. She kept complaining.



Other ways how to express continuation:

always + present continuous
 all the time
 constantly ['kanstəntli]
 won't stop + -ing
 She is always complaining.
 She complains all the time.
 She is constantly complaining.
 She won't stop complaining.

TO, SO THAT, FOR [tu, soo ðæt, fo:r/fər] = a purpose, reason

TO, SO AS TO, IN ORDER TO (NOT TO, SO AS NOT TO, IN ORDER NOT TO) + infinitive

1. phrases (verb + *objective case* + to + verb)

want sb. to do st.

need sb. to do st.

would like sb. to do st.

ask sb. to do st.

They needed him to leave.

I would like her to help me.

Can you ask them to pay it?

I told you not to go there.

2. the same subjects

I will go home to watch the new movie. = I will go home, I will watch TV.

I am going to England to learn English. = I will go, I will learn.

I am trying not to fall. = I am trying, I won't fall.

I have to hurry so as not to be late. =I have to hurry, I can't be late.

To reach the goal we will have to work hard. = we will reach the goal, we will work hard.

3. something exists for a reason

He wears the wet suit to protect him. (to be protected.)



4. general use (purpose)

We use it to clean our car.

5. some useful phrases (There are many of these. Let's learn a few.)

It's impossible to do that.

There is no chance to do that.

It was a great opportunity to do that.

SO THAT, IN ORDER THAT + subject and verb

1. different subjects

I will go home so that she is happy.

2. often used when the purpose is negative or with modal verbs

You should leave so that you won't /don't miss the train.

I have to leave so that I can learn.

She stopped the car so that she could answer her phone.

<u>FOR</u>

1. for + noun

Let's go for a walk.

He wears the wet suit for protection.

2. for + person + to

There is no space for us to sit on.

3. for + -ing = general use (purpose)

We use it for cleaning.