Most frequently used words in English

555/3000

Ent

## VOCABULARY (15 words):

| string   | [strɪŋ ]                      |
|--|-------------------------------|
| The string will break.                             |                               |
| that   | [ðæt]                         |
| Is that what you want?                             |                               |
| army   | [ˈɑːrmi]                      |
| He joined the army last year.                      |                               |
| dad, daddy, pa, papa, pappa, pop, dada             | [dæd, ˈdædi, pa,              |
| Lots of love from Daddy.                           | ˈpɑpə, ˈpæpə, pɑp,<br>ˈdɑˌdɑ] |
| service  | ['s3:rvɪs]                    |
| We do not provide such services.                   |                               |
| firm   | [fɜːrm]                       |
| Can you send us a firm order?                      |                               |
| laugh; laughter                                    | [læf; ˈlæftər]                |
| He made me laugh.                                  |                               |
| religion; religious                                | [ rɪˈlɪdʒən]                  |
| They are very religious.                           | [rɪˈlɪdʒəs]                   |
| June   | [dʒuːn]                       |
| She was born on June 11 /11 <sup>th</sup> of June. |                               |
| base; based on                                     | [beɪs]                        |
| We are based in Prague. Tax base.                  |                               |
| handsome   | [ˈhænsəm]                     |
| Your son is such a handsome boy!                   |                               |
| spend-spent-spent                                  | [spend-spent-                 |
| Did you spend it all?                              | spent]                        |
| language   | [ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ]                   |
| Watch your language!                               |                               |
| own; owner; ownership                              | [oʊn] [ˈoʊnər]                |
| Can I speak with the owner, please?                | [ˈoʊnərˌʃɪp]                  |
| spring; spring-sprang-sprung                       | [sprɪŋ-spræŋ-                 |
| Spring is my favorite time of the year.            | sprʌŋ]                        |

US pronunciation: = primary stress = secondary stress Br. E. =British English  $\mathbf{a}$  (allow),  $\mathbf{\delta}$  (this),  $\mathbf{\theta}$  (thank),  $\mathbf{a}$  (apple),  $\mathbf{\eta}$  (bank),  $\mathbf{d}\mathbf{z}$  = (angel),  $\mathbf{z}$  (pleasure),  $\mathbf{t}\mathbf{J}$  (cheese),  $\mathbf{J}$  =(show),  $\mathbf{n}$ =a (mud),  $\mathbf{z}$ ;  $\mathbf{z}$  = 0:, o (corner),  $\mathbf{z}$  =  $\mathbf{a}$  +u (good),  $\mathbf{a}$ :,  $\mathbf{a}$  = o: + a:, a+o (sauce),  $\mathbf{t}$  = d (later),  $\mathbf{z}$  = i (miss),  $\mathbf{z}$ :,  $\mathbf{s}$ : =  $\mathbf{a}$ :,  $\mathbf{c}$ : (hurdle),  $\mathbf{z}$ =e (red)

#### **OTHER PHRASES AND IDIOMS:**

| spring break                         |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Why are you laughing at me?          |  |
| Don't do that!                       |  |
| He stands firm on this issue.        |  |
| He is the one who pulls the strings. |  |
| It's a small mom-and-pop business.   |  |

37.

Most frequently used words in English

570/3000

(two

## VOCABULARY (15 words):

| dislike                                       | [ dɪˈslaɪk]        |
|---|--------------------|
| What are your likes and dislikes?             |                    |
| people  | [ˈpiːpəl]          |
| We have to listen to the voice of the people. |                    |
| write-wrote-written                           | [raɪt-roʊt-ˈrɪţən] |
| Have you written it yet?                      |                    |
| realize                                       | [ˈriːəlaɪz]        |
| I didn't realize that you were here too.      |                    |
| east; eastern                                 | [iːst; ˈiːstərn]   |
| We have an east facing house.                 |                    |
| attic   | [ˈæţɪk]            |
| Her little room is in the attic.              |                    |
| into  | [ˈɪntuː]           |
| I don't want to get into trouble.             |                    |
| spice(s); spicy                               | [spaɪs]            |
| I don't like spicy food.                      |                    |
| milk  | [mɪlk]             |
| I know how to milk a cow.                     |                    |
| opportunity                                   | [ˌɑːpərˈtuːnəţi]   |
| This would be a great opportunity for us.     |                    |
| tie   | [taɪ]              |
| Tie your(shoe)laces.                          |                    |
| field   | [fi:ld]            |
| What field did you study?                     |                    |
| hard  | [haːrd]            |
| Study hard!                                   |                    |
| show-showed-shown; show off                   | [ʃoʊ-ʃoʊd-ʃoʊn]    |
| Can you show me how to drive this?            |                    |
| biology                                       | [baɪˈɑːlədʒi]      |
| I never liked biology.                        |                    |
|   |                    |

US pronunciation: ' = primary stress = secondary stress Br. E. =British English

 $\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}$  (allow),  $\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}$  (this),  $\mathbf{\theta}$  (thank),  $\mathbf{a}$  (apple),  $\mathbf{\eta}$  (bank),  $\mathbf{d}$  = (angel),  $\mathbf{z}$  (pleasure),  $\mathbf{f}$  (cheese),  $\mathbf{f}$  = (show),  $\mathbf{n}$ =a (mud),

**c:**, **c** = o:, o (corner),  $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{u}$  (good), **a**:, **a** = o: + a:, a+o (sauce),  $\mathbf{t} = \mathbf{d}$  (later),  $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i}$  (miss), **3**:, **3**: =  $\mathbf{a}$ :,  $\mathbf{a}$ :r (hurdle),  $\mathbf{\epsilon}$ =e (red)

## **OTHER PHRASES AND IDIOMS:**

| realized loss/profit          |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| realize a project             |  |
| Variety is the spice of life. |  |
| He is running the show.       |  |
| field trip                    |  |
| equal opportunities           |  |

38.

#### PAST OF MODAL VERBS

| present/ future - past<br>can - could<br>can't - can't have<br>must - must have<br>needn't - needn't have<br>may - may have<br>might - might have<br>should - should have<br>would - would have<br>could - could have | I couldn't come because I didn't feel good.<br>He can't have done it. I cannot believe it!<br>He must have been there (He was there for sure.)<br>You needn't have studied so hard. (It was useless, pointless to do that.)<br>He may have paid it. (He probably paid for it.)<br>She might have lied to you. (Maybe she lied to you.)<br>You should have seen it. (but you didn't).<br>He could have helped me (but he didn't).<br>I could have studied medicine (but I didn't).<br>She ought to have locked the door. (She regrets she didn't do it.) |
|---|---|
| Note: the past forms are often contracted, especially with should, would and could: <b>should´ve, would´ve, could´ve</b> [ˈʃʊdəv, ˈwʊdəv, ˈkʊdəv ]  |   |
| Other verbs with similar meaning but not modals:  |   |

| other verbs with similar meaning bat not mounis. |  |
|--|--|
| be supposed to - it is expected                  | How am I supposed to know that?                |
| have to - be obliged to (be obligated to)        | You don't have to tell me.                     |
| need to - to have a need                         | I need to see you.                             |
| be allowed to - be permitted to                  | You are not allowed to smoke in here.          |
| be able to - be capable of, have the ability, ca | apacity to do st. We are not able to help you. |



<u>WISH + past</u> for presence and future = if only I wish you were here with me now. If only you were here now.

## <u>WISH + past perfect</u> for the past I wish you had been there with me yesterday. If only you had been there yesterday.

Note: "were" is possible with all persons: I, he, she, it were

## PAST PERFECT

Past perfect simpleHAD + past participle (the third column:)H-an action that was finished before another action in the past

HAD + 3



Examples: By the time I got there the movie *had finished*. They *had been* married for 12 years and then got divorced in 12 minutes. I arrived at 10 PM and they *had eaten* everything by then. So I left.

Past perfect continuous HAD BEEN + -ing

-an action or a situation that had been happening before a certain point in the past. This point is usually mentioned.

Examples:

I visited John yesterday. I came to his house, rang the bell and he opened the door totally white. *He had been painting* the hall.

I had been driving for 12 hours before I got to the most beautiful beach in the world.

# **THE THIRD CONDITIONAL if + past perfect** - comma - modals in the past modals in the past - **if + past perfect**

-something happened in the past, you cannot change it, you regret that you couldn't help or didn't do something or you might reproach somebody for not informing you about something etc.

If you had called me, I would have arrived immediately. I could have helped you if you had asked me for help.



THE MIXED CONDITIONAL

if + past perfect - comma - present simple present simple - if + past perfect

-something happened in the past but the result is obvious in the present

If you had taken the pills in the morning, you would feel better now. You could run (could be running) faster now if you had participated in the training before.

## ALL CONDITIONALS:

| zero conditional: | If you put ice on the sun, it melts.     |
|-------------------|--|
| the first c.:     | If I win, I will give you 20 %.          |
| the second c.:    | If I won, I would give you 20%.          |
| the third c.:     | If I had won, I would have given you 20% |
| the mixed c.:     | If I had won, I would be rich now.       |